

University of South Carolina  
Math 111: College Algebra  
Instructor: Austin Mohr  
Section 8  
Fall 2008

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Test 2  
(200 points total)

[20] 1. For parts a and b, express your answer using scientific notation.

a. The length of a really small ruler is approximately 84 000 nanometers (recall that 1 nanometer =  $10^{-9}$  meters). Convert the length of the ruler to meters.

b. Suppose  $3 * 10^9$  of these tiny rulers are lined up end-to-end. How long is this line in meters?

[20] 2. Recall that 1 inch = 2.54 centimeters. How many inches are in 7.25 kilometers?

[30] 3. Write in simplest terms. Your answer should not contain negative exponents or radicals.

a.  $\left(\frac{-3x^4y^4}{x^3y}\right)^2$

b.  $\frac{x^{-2}y^3z^{-1}}{(xy^{-1})^{-2}z^3}$

c.  $\sqrt{16x^2y^2} \sqrt[3]{27x^4y^7}$

[20] 4. Evaluate the expression or solve for  $x$ , as appropriate. Do not use decimal approximations.

a.  $\log(100)$

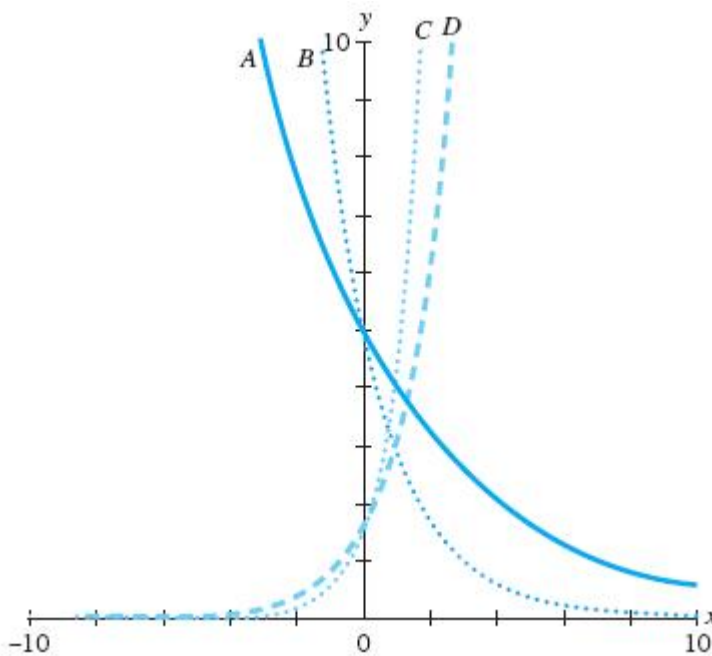
b.  $\log(.01)$

c.  $\log(x) = 3$

d.  $10^{3x-1} = 6$

[20] 5. Match each graph with the appropriate function.

- $f(x) = 1.5 * 2^x$ , Graph ----
- $g(x) = 1.5 * 3^x$ , Graph ----
- $h(x) = 5 * 0.6^x$ , Graph ----
- $i(x) = 5 * 0.8^x$ , Graph ----



[30] 6. The population of a small town was 2,000 in 1900. By 2000, the population had grown to 50,000. Construct an exponential function  $f(t)$  to model the population growth, where  $t$  denotes the number of 10-year periods since 1900. Do not use decimal approximations.

[30] 7. At the close of the 2006 fiscal year, a company netted \$4 million in profit. Over the course of the following year, profits increased by 150%.

a. Assuming profits continue to increase at this rate, construct an exponential function  $f(t)$  that models the growth, where  $t$  denotes the number of years since 2006 and  $f(t)$  denotes millions of dollars profit.

b. Use the function in part (a) to estimate the company's profits at the close of the 2011 fiscal year.

[30] 8. An unknown quantity of a chemical is present at the beginning of a reaction. Three minutes after the reaction begins, 50 mg of the chemical remain. Seven minutes after the reaction begins, 20 mg of the chemical are remain.

a. Construct an exponential function  $f(t)$  to model the decay where  $t$  denotes the number of minutes since the beginning of the reaction.

b. Using the function in part (a), determine the time at which 2 mg of the chemical will remain.